

TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED / ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER P67386US0
		US APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.51) 09/926761
INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. PCT/JP00/03917	INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE 15 June 2000	PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED 16 June 1999
TITLE OF INVENTION METHOD FOR THE NEOGENESIS OF CELL AGE		
APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/EO/US Izumi ARAI		

Applicant herein submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information.

1. ☒ This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
2. ☐ This is a **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371.
3. ☒ This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).
4. ☒ A proper Demand for Internatl. Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from earliest claimed priority date.
5. ☒ A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2))
 - a. ☐ is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. ☒ has been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. ☐ is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US)
6. ☒ A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)).
7. ☒ Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3))
 - a. ☐ are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau).
 - b. ☐ have been transmitted by the International Bureau.
 - c. ☐ have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired.
 - d. ☒ have not been made and will not be made.
8. ☐ A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)).
9. ☒ An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)).
10. ☐ A translation of the annexes to the Internatl. Preliminary Examination report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)).

Items 11. to 16. below concern other document(s) or information included:

11. ☐ An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.
12. ☐ An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included.
13. ☒ A **FIRST** preliminary amendment.
☐ A **SECOND** or **SUBSEQUENT** preliminary amendment.
14. ☐ A substitute specification.
15. ☐ A change of power of attorney and/or address letter.
16. ☒ Other items or information:

PCT Request Form
First Page of Publication
Small Entity Declaration

US APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 CFR 1.5) <div style="font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold;">09/926761</div>		INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. <div style="font-weight: bold;">PCT/JP00/03917</div>		ATTORNEY'S DOCKET NUMBER <div style="font-weight: bold;">P67386US0</div>	
17. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> The following fees are submitted: Basic National Fee (37 CFR 1.492(a)(1)-(5)): Internatl. prelim. examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (1)) .. \$710.00 No international preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (2)) but international search fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) .. \$740.00 Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (3)) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO) \$1040.00 International preliminary examination fee paid to USPTO (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (4)) and all claims satisfied provisions of PCT Article 33(2)-(4) \$100.00 Search Report prepared by the EPO or JPO (37 CFR 1.492 (a) (5)) \$890.00 <div style="text-align: right;">ENTER APPROPRIATE BASIC FEE AMOUNT =</div>				CALCULATIONS <div style="text-align: right;">\$ 890.00</div>	PTO USE ONLY
				Surcharge of \$130.00 for furnishing the oath or declaration later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(e)).	
Claims	Number Filed	Number Extra	Rate		
Total Claims	5 - 20 =	-0-	x \$18.00	\$	
Independent Claims	2 - 3 =	-0-	x \$84.00	\$	
Multiple Dependent Claim(s) (if applicable)			+ \$280.00	\$	
TOTAL OF ABOVE CALCULATIONS =				\$ 890.00	
Reduction by 1/2 for filing by small entity , if applicable. Verified Small Entity statement must also be filed. (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28).				\$ 445.00	
SUBTOTAL =				\$ 445.00	
Processing fee of \$130 for furnishing the English translation later than <input type="checkbox"/> 20 <input type="checkbox"/> 30 months from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(f))				\$	
TOTAL NATIONAL FEE =				\$ 445.00	
Fee of \$40.00 for recording the enclosed assignment (37 CFR 1.21(h)). Assignment must be accompanied by appropriate cover sheet (37 CFR 3.28, 3.31).				\$	
TOTAL FEES ENCLOSED =				\$ 445.00	
				Amt. to be refunded:	\$
				Amt. charged:	\$

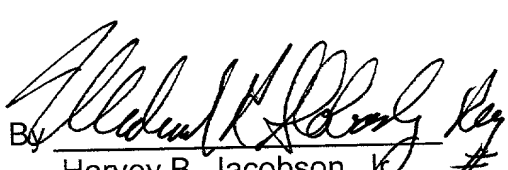
a. ☒ A check in the amount of \$ 445.00 to cover the above fees is enclosed.

b. ☐ Please charge my Deposit Account No. 06-1358 in the amount of \$ _____ to cover the above fees. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

c. ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge my account any additional fees set forth in §1.492 during the pendency of this application, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 06-1358. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.

SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:

JACOBSON HOLMAN PLLC
 400 7th Street, N.W., Suite 600
 Washington, DC 20004
 202-638-6666
CUSTOMER NUMBER: 00136

By 
 Harvey B. Jacobson, Jr.
 Reg. No. 20,851

2642/507
JPH&S 3/95

JG07 Rec'd PCT/PTO 14 DEC 2001

09/926761

#3/a

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicants: Izumi ARAI
Serial No.: New
Filing Date: December 14, 2001
For: METHOD FOR THE NEOGENESIS OF CELL AGE

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Prior to initial examination, please amend the above-identified application as follows:

IN THE SPECIFICATION

Please incorporate the new Abstract of the Disclosure into the specification, submitted herewith on a separate sheet.

IN THE CLAIMS

Please add claims 1 through 5 as follows:

--1. A method of preventing or inhibiting the ageing of an individual which comprises cloning a body, an organ, a tissue, or a cell of the individual and replacing the body, the organ, the tissue, or the cell with the cloned body, organ, tissue, or cell.

2. The method of claim 1, which further comprises producing undifferentiated cells.

3. The method of claim 1, wherein the step of cloning comprises recovering telomeres by fertilizing 2nXY clone bodies, 2nXX clone

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bodies, or both.

4. The method of claim 3, wherein the 2nXY clone bodies or the 2nXX clone bodies are obtained by cell fusion.

5. A method of resurrecting an ancient creature which comprises using parthenogenesis.--

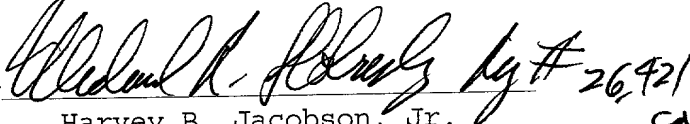
REMARKS

The foregoing Preliminary Amendment is requested in order to place the application in better form for examination.

Early action on the merits is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

JACOBSON HOLMAN PLLC

By  #26,421
Harvey B. Jacobson, Jr.
Reg. No. 20,851

400 Seventh Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20004-2201
(202) 638-6666

Atty. Docket: P67386US0
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HBJ/cmf

2/PATS

JCO7 Rec'd PCT/PTO 14 DEC 2001

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METHOD FOR
THE NEOGENESIS
OF CELL AGE
(PCT/JP00/03917)

Izumi Arai

19-16, Senjumidoricho 2-chome,
Adachi-ku, Tokyo 120-0044 Japan

—This is a nationalization of PCT/JP00/03917 filed June 15, 2000 and published in Japanese.—

The field of my invention

This invention belongs to the field of biology and life science.

Past ways of thinking

So far, all creatures were thought to grow old and to die.

The point of my invention

This invention prevents ageing and maintains good functions of individuals, organs, tissues, and cells for a long time. In order to achieve this purpose, my invention produces new cells from creatures whose ageing has progressed. With these new cells, I can newly regenerate cells, tissues, organs, etc. Thus, this invention is repetition of the exchange process of aged cells, tissues, and organs for newly-regenerated cells, tissues, and organs.

Concise explanations of my inventive figures

The first figure shows germ—line cells of individuals and clone bodies used for regeneration of clone bodies, organs, tissues, cells, etc., which have new cell age. 1 the male. 2 the female. 3 duplicating process by mitotic division (mitosis). 4 developing process. 5 first meiotic division. 6 second meiotic division. 7 primordial germ cells. 8 spermatogonia. 9 primary spermatocyte. 10 secondary spermatocytes. 11 spermatids. 12 transformation (spermiogenesis). 13 mature sperm cells (spermatozoa). 14 primordial germ cells. 15 oogonia. 16 primary oocyte. 17 first polar body. 18 secondary oocyte. 19 second polar body. 20 ovum.

The second figure shows new clone bodies generated from individuals and original clone bodies, by use of somatic cells including $2n$ germ cells, use of diploid, use of cell fusion, etc. The second figure also shows newly—regenerated clone body groups made from groups of individuals and these clone bodies by fertilization, parthenogenesis, etc. This figure indicates the practical use systematically of variously leveled many clone body groups, with excelling beyond generations. 21 somatic cells. 22 diploid. 23 cell fusion. 24 clone bodies. 25 parthenogenesis. 26 fertilization. 27 newly—regenerated clone bodies. 28 newly—regenerated clone body groups.

The effective method of my invention

This invention regenerates clone bodies, organs, tissues, cells, etc., which have new cell age, from germ cells of individuals and clone bodies of all creatures. I will explain this invention in detail, according to appended figures.

To begin with, as Fig.1 shows, nuclei of primordial germ cells 7, spermatogonia 8, primary spermatocytes 9, in the male 1, primordial germ cells 14, oogonia 15, primary oocytes 16, in the female 2, which have $2n$ diploid generation in individuals and clone bodies of creatures, are transplanted by cell fusion into the non—fertilized egg of which polar bodies and chromosomes were removed. And I regenerate new cell age clone

bodies, organs, tissues, cells, etc., by this means. Then I exchange old bodies, organs, tissues, cells, etc., for these new ones.

When these above mentioned cells in the male 1 are hard to gather, I make $2nXY$ cell nuclei by cell-fusing 23 nX state of secondary spermatocytes 10, spermatids 11, spermatozoa 13, and nY state of secondary spermatocytes 10, spermatids 11, spermatozoa 13, by surfactants, Sendai virus, etc., and as well, at the stage from primary spermatocytes 9 to secondary spermatocytes 10, by acting with antimitotic drugs such as colchicine, vinca alkaloids, taxol, and by temperature treatment, etc.

When these above mentioned cells in the female 2 are hard to gather, I make diploid 22 cell nuclei by cell-fusing 23 both of secondary oocytes 18, ova 20, polar bodies 17 19, by surfactants, Sendai virus, etc., and as well, at the stage before the first polar body 17 appears from the primary oocyte 16, at the stage before the second polar body 19 appears from the secondary oocyte 18, at the stage before the first polar body 17 divides into two second polar bodies 19, by acting with antimitotic drugs such as colchicine, vinca alkaloids, taxol, and by temperature treatment, etc.

In the case that I produce female clone bodies 24 from male individuals and clone bodies 24 in Fig.2, I make diploid 22 cell nuclei by cell-fusing 23 both of nX state of secondary spermatocytes 10, spermatids 11, spermatozoa 13, by surfactants, Sendai virus, etc., and as well, at the stage from nX state of secondary spermatocytes 10 to spermatids 11, by acting with antimitotic drugs such as colchicine, vinca alkaloids, taxol, and by temperature treatment, etc.

From these clone bodies generated in this way, I can regenerate repeatedly above mentioned clone bodies, organs, tissues, cells, etc., by using these somatic cells and germ cells. Furthermore, I get newly-regenerated cells with completely recovered telomeres by fertilizing $2nXY$ clone bodies and $2nXX$ clone bodies. In these newly-regenerated clone body groups 28, I can get infinite newly-regenerated cells by using fertilization 26 together in addition to use of somatic cells 21 including $2n$ germ cells, use of diploid 22, use of cell fusion 23, etc.

Moreover, in 2nXX clone body 24 groups, I can make use of somatic cells 21 including 2n germ cells, use of diploid 22, use of cell fusion 23, etc. In these ways I can also produce eggs of 2nXY and 2nXX, in groups of 2nXY and 2nXX, and in groups of 2nXX. And then I can develop by using the place of eggs, like haploid phase parthenogenesis such as ants, honeybees, and diploid phase parthenogenesis such as aphids, water fleas, etc. In brief, eggs originally have the capacity of development. And so I can operate artificial parthenogenesis by brushing eggs, by treatment of eggs with butyric acid and hypertonic seawater, by pricking eggs with bloody needles and sharp needles, etc., like parthenogenesis of creatures such as silk moths, sea urchins, frogs, Leporidae, etc. Thus I can make newly-regenerated clone body groups 28 of 2nXY and 2nXX, and newly-regenerated clone body groups 28 of 2nXX. In these groups, I can get infinite newly-regenerated cells by using parthenogenesis 25 together in addition to use of somatic cells 21 including 2n germ cells, use of diploid 22, use of cell fusion 23, etc. Not only using asexual reproduction and sexual reproduction together but also making the most of variously generated clone bodies as systematical groups beyond generations brings about great benefits to all the creatures for maintaining rejuvenated new individuals, organs, tissues, cells, etc. Besides, I can resurrect ancient creatures, by joining crossable and fertile closely-related species to one side of newly-regenerated clone body groups, and as well, by creating generations such as female germ cells from crossing newly-regenerated clone bodies and preserved DNA, RNA, germ cells, etc., and by repeated processes crossing these newly regenerated generations such as female germ cells with these closely-related species, preserved DNA, RNA, germ cells, etc., which have been maintained for so long in this world. When there are creatures which can reproduce by virgin development, I resurrect these creatures artificially by parthenogenesis with physical and chemical treatments.

Alternation of diploid and haploid phases and zygotes are the points of rejuvenation in cells. Creatures, such as green algae, developing

haploid n phase, form diploid $2n$ zygotes and rest, when the environment for asexual reproduction by cell division gets worse. And in spring these creatures undergo meioses to produce haploid n generations and form holdfast cells which anchor the plant and initiate growth. However, evolution directs retrogression of n generations and progress of $2n$ generations. Lots of creatures completely regenerate telomeres, which are said to be lost as getting older, by conjugation of both n generations created by meioses of $2n$ generations. And, in virgin development, haploid n generations and diploid $2n$ generations, as they are, obtain perfect telomeres by the place of eggs. In germ-line cells telomerases maintain the length of telomeres. Individuals preserve vigorously-dividing cells like hematogenous cells, which also have slight telomerase activity. However, ordinary somatic cells are deficient in telomerase activity. Thus, in order to keep the life span of cells, tissues, organs, etc., making telomerases work forcibly, or exchanging aged cells for cells which continue keeping the length of telomeres and telomerase activity is necessary. However, shortening of telomeres is not always said to dominate short lives of individuals completely, because shortening of telomeres in vivo is suppressed as compared with shortening of telomeres in vitro environment, and because telomeres of mice, whose maximum lives are three odd years, are longer than telomeres of human beings.

Somatic cells are, so to speak, the germ cells for asexual reproduction, since ontogeny is also possible from differentiated cells. And the germ-line cells for sexual reproduction undergo alternation of nuclear phases and zygotes. These cells which are differentiated for sexual reproduction and what is called "exceptionally preserved" become haploid n state by meioses from diploid $2n$ state. Then in fertilization both haploid n nuclei fuse to produce diploid $2n$ undifferentiated cells, in which these germ cells disappear. In brief, slightly differentiated cells for sexual reproduction with a view to turning into undifferentiated after all are brought back to the undifferentiated state in the place of eggs.

These germ cells which once disappeared in the undifferentiated cell

successions and diffusions of physical and chemical stimuli from time immemorial. Through plasma membranes, stimuli from the outside, either directly, or some of which have been converted into new physical and chemical stimuli inside the cell, have great influences on structures and functions of genes quantitatively. The range of environments, such as temperature, air, water, etc., where terrestrial creatures survive, is not so wide. Environments where terrestrial creatures can develop, as well, are restricted within a certain narrow limit. And, from among variously changing genes, the genes which can retain cell homeostasis are preserved.

DNA is not the only substance that is preserved. By sexual reproduction DNA moves from one individual to another individual. Inside the individual DNA is preserved by asexual reproduction. However, including mitochondria, structures and functions of cytoplasm are also preserved in eggs originally. Organelles scattered in nuclei and cytoplasm are preserved by asexual reproduction in the individual. Furthermore, structures and functions of cytoplasm are, in addition to asexual reproduction in the individual, preserved by eggs in sexual reproduction. On the material level each organella can exist independently. When these organelles construct buildings called cells, each organella takes up its suitable position. In the place, namely where eggs are formed, by physical and chemical stimuli such as fertilization, etc., organelles which have gotten their appropriate positions advance reactions which grow to chain flows accompanying the passage of time with a great many of vectors. And then, proliferating cells swimming with the current of differentiation in themselves increase and assemble. These proliferating cells migrate to their positions, stick to their positions, and form tissues, organs, and individuals.

Each cell that is growing old can at any time return to the undifferentiated state by rejuvenating nature of egg cytoplasm. As well, by hybridization and parthenogenesis of individuals and clone bodies, I can create newly-regenerated clone body groups which have new undifferentiated cells. These cells do not have the consciousness of oneself with which individuals are possessed. With using newly-regenerated cells produced by

making the most of these many clone body groups of various levels, I can regenerate tissues, organs, individuals, etc., in the condition of young and fresh cell age. This invention can separate differentiation from time passage.

There are various ways of sex determination. I can use my invention practically according to these ways of sex determination. There are also hermaphrodite organisms, in which each individual has both male and female reproductive systems, such as most sponges, flatworms, tapeworms, etc. Some hermaphrodites fertilize themselves. This is one way to create newly-regenerated clone bodies. In some species like Caribbean bluehead wrasses the sequential hermaphrodite is protogynous, while other species such as oysters are protandrous. Sex reversal can be induced by temperature effects on the production of male or female zygotes in some turtles. And chromosomal basis of sex varies with the organism. I will take some instances.

1. The X-Y system. The sex of an offspring depends on whether the sperm cell has an X chromosome or a Y chromosome in humans, dogs, cats, cattle, horses, killifish, fruit flies, etc.
2. The X-O system. In longheaded locusts, dragonflies, Emma field crickets, grasshoppers, roaches, etc., there is only one type of sex chromosome, namely the X chromosome. Males are XO. Males have only one sex chromosome, and the O means zero. Females are XX. Sex of the offspring is determined by whether the sperm cell carries an X chromosome or no sex chromosome.
3. The Z-W system. In chickens, ringed snakes, silk moths, etc., the variable that determines sex is the sex chromosome present in the ovum. The sex chromosomes are designated Z and W. Males are ZZ and females are ZW.
4. The Z-O system. There is only one type of sex chromosome, that is, the Z chromosome, in green turtles, Psychidae, pigeons, lizards, etc. Males are ZZ. Females are ZO. Females have only one sex chromosome. Sex of the offspring is determined by whether the ovum contains an Z chromosome or no sex chromosome.
5. The haplo-diploid system. There are no sex chromosomes in most species

of bees and ants. Females develop from fertilized ova and are thus diploid. Males develop from unfertilized eggs and are haploid.

The significance in my invention

In this way, my invention newly regenerate life age of individuals, clone bodies, organs, tissues, cells, etc. By using germ-line cells in individuals and clone bodies of creatures, I regenerate new cell age clone bodies, organs, tissues, cells, etc. Thus, I can maintain young and healthy individuals permanently. As well, by using the rejuvenating nature of eggs, I can renew old cells. Moreover, by joining crossable and fertile closely-related species to newly-regenerated clone body groups, and as well, with these closely-related species, preserved DNA, RNA, germ cells, etc., I can resurrect ancient creatures. By replacing old organs, such as cells, tissues, organs, etc., with newly-resuscitated healthy regenerated organs, such as cells, tissues, organs, etc., of the same gene types, I resuscitate various cells, tissues, organs, etc. By this method, I can resuscitate the whole individual. And I can continue reincarnating creatures eternally. That is to say, creatures continue resetting their life time while they are living on without death. With integrating the use of artificial materials and new energy systems together into these repeated processes, I can more and more improve the performance of cells, tissues, organs, etc. And I can create diversely evolving lives with undergoing remarkable changes in themselves.

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METHOD FOR
THE NEOGENESIS
OF CELL AGE
CLAIMS

Izumi Arai

19-16, Senjumidoricho 2-chome,
Adachi-ku, Tokyo 120-0044 Japan

This invention newly regenerates the life age of individuals, clone bodies, organs, tissues, cells, etc. I regenerate clone bodies, organs, tissues, cells, etc., which have new cell age, from germ-line cells of individuals and clone bodies of all creatures. By this method I prevent the ageing of individuals. And I can maintain long-term excellent functions of individuals, organs, tissues, cells, etc.

By using germ-line cells in individuals and clone bodies of various creatures, I regenerate new cell age clone bodies, organs, tissues, cells, etc. By making use of somatic cells including $2n$ germ cells, use of diploid, use of cell fusion, etc., I can freely produce undifferentiated cells. From these clone bodies generated in this way, I can regenerate repeatedly above mentioned clone bodies, organs, tissues, cells, etc., by using these somatic cells and germ cells.

I can get newly-regenerated cells with completely recovered telomeres by fertilizing $2nXY$ clone bodies and $2nXX$ clone bodies. In these newly-regenerated clone body groups, I can get infinite newly-regenerated cells by using fertilization together in addition to use of somatic cells including $2n$ germ cells, use of diploid, use of cell fusion, etc. With these regenerated individuals and clone bodies of creatures, by combining fertilization, parthenogenesis, etc., I can make newly-regenerated clone body groups which have completely recovered telomeres.

I can resurrect ancient creatures to the present day, by joining crossable and fertile closely-related species to one side of

METHOD FOR
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 OF CELL AGE
 CLAIMS

newly-regenerated clone body groups, and as well, by creating generations such as female germ cells from crossing newly-regenerated clone bodies and preserved DNA, RNA, germ cells, etc., and by repeated processes crossing these newly regenerated generations such as female germ cells with these closely-related species, preserved DNA, RNA, germ cells, etc., which have been maintained for so long in this world. When there are creatures which can reproduce by virgin development, I resurrect these creatures artificially by parthenogenesis with physical and chemical treatments.

Somatic cells are, so to speak, the germ cells for asexual reproduction, since ontogeny is also possible from differentiated cells. Alternation of diploid and haploid phases and zygotes are the points of rejuvenation in cells. And the germ-line cells for sexual reproduction undergo alternation of nuclear phases and zygotes. These cells which are differentiated for sexual reproduction and what is called "exceptionally preserved" become haploid n state by meioses from diploid $2n$ state. Then in fertilization both haploid n nuclei fuse to produce diploid $2n$ undifferentiated cells, in which these germ cells disappear. In brief, slightly differentiated cells for sexual reproduction with a view to turning into undifferentiated after all are brought back to the undifferentiated state in the place of eggs.

These germ cells which once disappeared in the undifferentiated cell soon reappear as mesoderm in the gastrula stage. And at least in the fifth week of development primordial germ cells appear, which hardly ever grow old. Individuals and clone bodies in themselves preserve these $2n$ germ-line cells, which continue maintaining telomerase activity despite repeating mitoses. Therefore, by using $2n$ germ-line cells, I can regenerate new cell age clone bodies, organs, tissues, cells, etc., with piling up inductive

METHOD FOR
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interactions according to polarities, concentration gradients, time passage, etc.

Including somatic cell clones, parthenogenesis, etc., there are relative relations between the differentiating state and the undifferentiated state, and both states are reversible and interconvertible each other. Cytoplasm of eggs reverses direction toward differentiation, extricates cells from the differentiated state, and induces nuclei of cells in the undifferentiated direction toward ontogeny again. It can be called resuscitation that cells getting to compose tissues and organs as a result of differentiation regain every possibility once more. This rejuvenating nature of eggs newly brings back the old age of cells walking through senility toward death, and newly recovers structures and functions of cells. That is to say, nuclei respond to messages from cytoplasm. As DNA itself is stored, DNA expressions change. Nuclear components such as DNA preserved in resuscitated cells dispatch messages. And this time components in cytoplasm respond to these messages. Nuclei as well react reciprocally, receiving messages from cytoplasm. Fibrous cytoskeletons running in all directions through cytoplasm are a series of tubes connecting plasma membranes and nuclear envelopes. These cytoskeletons operate from plasma membranes to nuclei together and begin new divisions.

Each cell that is growing old can at any time return to the undifferentiated state by rejuvenating nature of egg cytoplasm. As well, by hybridization and parthenogenesis of individuals and clone bodies, I can create newly-regenerated clone body groups which have new undifferentiated cells. These cells do not have the consciousness of oneself with which individuals are possessed. With using newly-regenerated cells produced by making the most of these many clone body groups of various levels,

METHOD FOR
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OF CELL AGE
CLAIMS

including newly-regenerated clone body groups, I can regenerate tissues, organs, individuals, etc., in the condition of young and fresh cell age. These newly-regenerated cells are the bases in preserving young and healthy individuals eternally. This invention can separate differentiation from time passage.

There are various ways of sex determination. I can use my invention practically according to these ways of sex determination. There are also hermaphrodite organisms, in which each individual has both male and female reproductive systems. These hermaphrodites fertilize themselves. This is one way to create newly-regenerated clone bodies.

By replacing old organs, such as cells, tissues, organs, etc., with newly-resuscitated healthy regenerated organs, such as cells, tissues, organs, etc., of the same gene types, I resuscitate various cells, tissues, organs, etc. By this method, I can resuscitate the whole individual. And I can continue reincarnating creatures eternally. That is to say, creatures continue resetting their life time while they are living on without death. With integrating the use of artificial materials and new energy systems together into these repeated processes, I can more and more improve the performance of cells, tissues, organs, etc. And I can create diversely evolving permanent lives with undergoing remarkable changes in themselves.

Figure No. 1

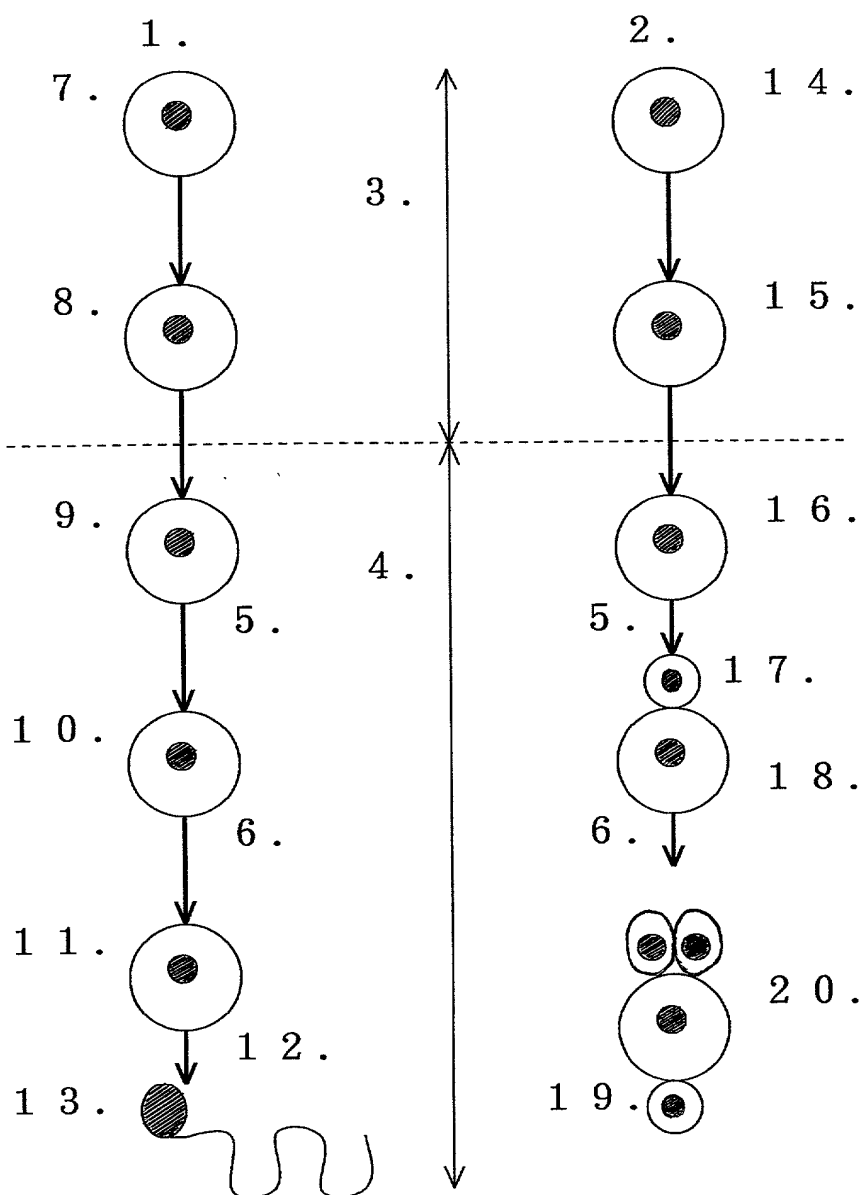
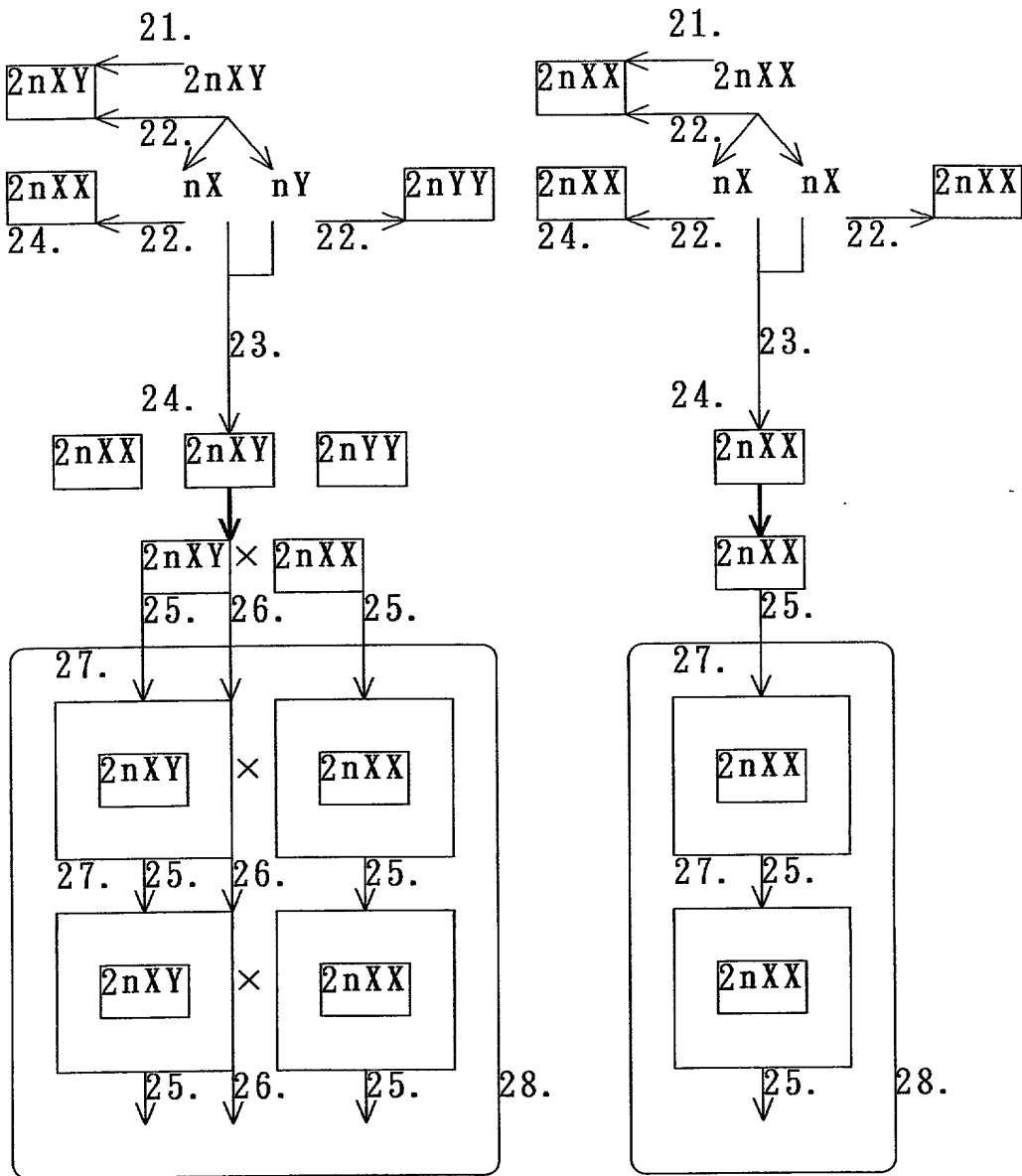


Figure No. 2



DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY U.S.A.

ALL PATENTS, INCLUDING DESIGN
FOR APPLICATION BASED ON PCT, PARIS CONVENTION,
NON PRIORITY OR PROVISIONAL APPLICATIONS

FOR ATTORNEYS' USE ONLY

ATTORNEYS' DOCKET NO

P67286U90

As a below named inventor, I declare that my residence, postal office address and citizenship are stated below next to my name. The information given herein is true, that I believe that I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed at 201 below), or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural inventors are named below at 201-203, or on additional sheets attached hereto) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which patent is sought on the invention entitled:

METHOD FOR THE NEOGENESIS OF CELL AGE

which is described and claimed in:

☒ PCT International Application No. PCT/JP00/03917

filed June 15, 2000

☐ the attached specification

☐ the specification in application Serial No. _____

filed _____

(if applicable) or amended on _____

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.66.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119(a)-(d) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

Prior Foreign Application(s)

Priority Claimed

11/217835

JAPAN

16 June 1999

☒ Yes

☐ No

(Number)

(Country)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)

☐ Yes

☐ No

(Number)

(Country)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)

☐ Yes

☐ No

(Number)

(Country)

(Day/Month/Year Filed)

☐ Yes

☐ No

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §119(a) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below:

Application No. _____

Filing Date _____

Application No. _____

Filing Date _____

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, §120 of any United States application(s) listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code, §112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.66 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application.

(Application Serial No.)

(Filing Date)

(Status: patented, pending, abandoned)

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby appoint the following attorneys (Fog Street No.) to prosecute this application, receive and act on instructions from my agent, and transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected herewith. HARVEY B. JACOBSON, JR. (20,861); JOHN CLARKE HOLMAN (27,768); MARVIN R. STERN (26,840); ALLEN E. MELSER (27,216); MICHAEL R. SLOBASKY (26,421); JONATHAN L. SCHERER (29,861); IRWIN M. AISENBERG (19,007); WILLIAM E. PLAYER (31,400); YOON S. HAM (45,307) and NATHANIEL A. HUMPHRIES (22,772).

SEND CORRESPONDENCE TO: CUSTOMER NO. 00138

or

JACOBSON HOLMAN

PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

400 SEVENTH STREET, N.W.

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20004

DIRECT TELEPHONE CALLS TO:

(please use Attorney's Docket No.) (202) 635-6666

JACOBSON HOLMAN

PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY

*Inventor(s) name must include at least one unabbreviated first or middle name

	FULL NAME * OF INVENTOR	FAMILY NAME	GIVEN NAME	MIDDLE NAME
201	RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP	CITY	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	CITY	STATE OR COUNTRY
				ZIP CODE
202	FULL NAME * OF INVENTOR	FAMILY NAME	GIVEN NAME	MIDDLE NAME
	RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP	CITY	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	CITY	STATE OR COUNTRY
				ZIP CODE
203	FULL NAME * OF INVENTOR	FAMILY NAME	GIVEN NAME	MIDDLE NAME
	RESIDENCE & CITIZENSHIP	CITY	STATE OR FOREIGN COUNTRY	COUNTRY OF CITIZENSHIP
	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	POST OFFICE ADDRESS	CITY	STATE OR COUNTRY
				ZIP CODE

I further declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true, and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment or both, under section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code; and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.

SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 201*	SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 202*	SIGNATURE OF INVENTOR 203*
<u>X</u> <u>Izumi Arai</u>		
<u>X</u> <u>December 12, 2001</u>	DATE	DATE

☐ Additional inventors are named on separately numbered sheets attached hereto

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Law Offices of
JACOBSON HOLMAN
PROFESSIONAL LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY
THE JENIFER BUILDING
400 SEVENTH STREET, N.W.
WASHINGTON, DC 20004

Attorney's Docket No. PA7386US0

SMALL ENTITY DECLARATION
[37 CFR 1.9(c)-(f)]

Each undersigned declares that:

(1) ☒ the application attached hereto;

(2) ☐ U.S. Application Serial No. _____, filed _____;

(3) ☐ U.S. Patent No. _____, issued _____;

is entitled to the benefits of "small entity" status for paying reduced fees under 35 USC 41(a) and (b) to the Patent and Trademark Office by virtue of the following:

(4) ☒ Each undersigned declares that he/she qualifies as an independent inventor, or would qualify had he/she made the as defined in 37 CFR 1.9(c);

(5) ☐ The undersigned declares that he/she is an official empowered to act on behalf of the concern identified below; that this concern qualifies as a small business concern as defined in 37 CFR 1.9(d); that exclusive rights to the invention have been conveyed to and remain with the small business concern, or if the rights are not exclusive, that all other rights belong to small entities as defined in 37 CFR 1.9.

(6) ☐ The undersigned declares that he/she is an official empowered to act on behalf of the organization identified below; that organization qualifies as a nonprofit organization as defined in

(a) ☐ 37 CFR 1.9(e)(1)

(b) ☐ 37 CFR 1.9(e)(2)

(c) ☐ 37 CFR 1.9(e)(3)

(d) ☐ 37 CFR 1.9(e)(4)

State law of _____ that exclusive rights to the invention have been conveyed to and remain with the organization, or if the rights are not exclusive, that all other rights belong to organizations as defined in 37 CFR 1.9.

(7) Each person, concern or organization to which I/we have assigned, granted, conveyed or licensed, or am under an under contract or law to assign, grant, convey, or license any rights in the invention is listed below:

(a) ☒ no such person, concern or organization

(b) ☐ persons, concerns or organization listed below
[a separate declaration is required from each named person, concern or organization having rights to this invention averring to their status as "small entities."]

Full Name _____

Address _____

☐ Individual

☐ Small Business Concern

☐ Nonprofit Organization

I/we acknowledge the duty to file, in this application or patent, notification of any change in status resulting in loss of entitlement of small entity prior to paying, or at the time of paying, the earliest of the issue fee or any maintenance fee due after the date on which status as a small entity is no longer appropriate. (37 CFR 1.29(b))

I/we hereby declare all statements made herein of his/her own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application, any patent issued thereon, or any patent to which this declaration is directed.

(8) Izumi Arai

Typed Name of Inventor

Signature Izumi Arai

Date December 12, 2001

Typed Name of Inventor

Signature

Date

Typed Name of Inventor

Signature

Date

Typed Name of Inventor

Signature

Date

(9)

Name of Small Business Concern or Nonprofit Organization

Typed Name

By

Signature

Date

Title of Signatory